

Patient Information

Pregnancy related Pelvic Girdle Pain

About Pelvic Girdle Pain

This is a very common condition affecting 1 in 5 pregnant ladies which can cause a great deal of misery but fortunately will settle after pregnancy in the vast majority of cases. There are some things you can do during pregnancy which can help and these are outlined in this information leaflet.

Pelvic Girdle Pain (PGP) describes pain in the joints that make up your pelvic girdle. This includes the symphysis pubis joint (SPJ) at the front and or the sacroiliac joints (SIJ) at the back. Discomfort can be felt over the pubic bone at the front, in one or both groins, across one or both sides of your lower back and occasionally into the buttock area.

You may also have:

- Problems with walking.
- Pain when standing on one leg e.g. on the stairs.
- Difficulty moving legs apart.
- Painful hip movements e.g. turning over in bed.
- Grinding or clicking over your pubic bone.
- Pain when moving from sitting to standing.

These pains can last for some weeks and even months after pregnancy. However regaining your fitness and muscle strength after pregnancy will help speed up recovery.

Management

Day to Day advice

- Strike a balance between being as active as you can, and not putting too much strain on your back.
- Pace your activities to avoid flaring up your symptoms.
- Try to sit down for as many jobs as possible i.e. ironing, food preparation, dressing and undressing.
- Only lift when you have to.
- When lifting is necessary, bend your knees whilst keeping your back straight and gently drawing your lower tummy muscles in. Always face what you are doing and try to avoid twisting. Have your feet slightly apart to have a steadier base of support.
- To stand up from the sitting position move your bottom to the edge of the bed/chair first.
- Keep your knees together when getting in or out of the car. Sitting on a plastic bag will enable you to swivel your legs around together more easily.
- Try different ways of turning in bed i.e. on all fours or by keeping your bent up knees together and squeezing your buttocks.
- Roll in/out of bed keeping your bent up knees together, roll on your side, then let your legs drop down to the floor over the side of the bed as you push your top half up with the heel of your hand in front of you.

Postural Advice

- Always sit in a well supported chair with a cushion in the small of your back and your feet supported on the floor. Low, soft sofas may be more uncomfortable and difficult to get out of and therefore best to avoid.
- Use extra pillows around you in the bed for comfort ie between your legs and under your bump.
- Make sure your weight is equally distributed especially in standing and when moving from sitting to standing.
- If your bump tips your pelvis forwards in standing, try clenching your buttocks and gently drawing your lower tummy muscles in whilst tucking your tailbone under.

Activities that may aggravate your symptoms

- Sitting with your legs crossed or twisted to one side.
- Moving objects with your foot.
- Carrying a child on one hip.
- Squatting down with your legs apart.
- Vacuuming
- Strenuous exercise

Pain Relief

- Icepacks for up ten minutes at a time on your pubic joint, or rubbing with an ice cube for twenty to thirty seconds can help to reduce any inflammation in the joints and ease your symptoms. To make an icepack place some frozen peas or crushed ice in a plastic bag and wrap in a damp cloth. Do not eat the peas after this but you can label the bag and re-use them once they have re-frozen.
- Heat packs over the lower back may be beneficial. It is not recommended to use heat over the pubic bones.
- Your Specialist Physiotherapist might recommend a support belt, crutches and/or T.N.S. (Transcutaneous Nerve Stimulation – also known as a 'TENS' machine) once she has examined you. (See further information below)
- Speak to your Midwife, Obstetrician or G.P about medication which is suitable in pregnancy.

Further Information

A specialist women's health physiotherapist can offer you treatment and advise you on how to manage your symptoms. Your Midwife, GP or consultant can refer you for assessment. Further information can be found on the link below:

<http://acpwh.csp.org.uk/publications/pregnancy-related-pelvic-girdle-painfor-mothers-be-new-mothers>

References

Jill Mantle, Jeanette Haslam ,Sue Barton 2004 Physiotherapy in Obstetrics and Gynaecology 2nd Edition 2004 Chapter 5 p141 Elsevier Science

Contact details

Women's and Men's Health Physiotherapy Service

Telephone 01202 442121

For further general health-related information, please ask the relevant department for an Information Prescription or contact:

The Health Information Centre

Poole Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Longfleet Road

Poole

Dorset

BH15 2JB

Telephone: 01202 448003

Author: Debra Clarke

Date: 31/1/2013

Review Date: 31/1/2015

Version Number: 1

Ward sister/HOD: Sally Sheppard

Information Standard logo to be inserted here on final copy of leaflet. Your leaflet cannot be given to patients until this logo has been inserted. The logo can **only** be applied by the Patient Information Team.

We can supply this information in other formats, in larger print, on audiotape, or have it translated for you. Please call the Patient Advice and Liaison Service (PALS) on 01202 448499 or the Health Information Centre on 01202 448003 for further advice.